

DRAFT

SUMMARY

Digest: The Act creates the crime of threatening a mass injury event and directs the CJC to report certain data to the legislature about the new crime. The Act prohibits the possession of a gun by a person convicted of the new crime. The Act takes effect on the 91st day after sine die. (Flesch Readability Score: 66.3).

Creates the crime of threatening a mass injury event. Punishes by a maximum of 364 days' imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both, upon the first offense, and five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both, upon second and subsequent offenses.

Prohibits the possession of a firearm by a person convicted of threatening a mass injury event. Punishes by a maximum of 364 days' imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both.

Provides that threatening a mass injury event constituting a misdemeanor is treated as a felony for purposes of supervision duties and funding.

Directs Oregon Criminal Justice Commission to report to the legislative assembly concerning specified data related to threatening a mass injury event charges.

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to threatening a mass injury event; creating new provisions; amending ORS 161.005, 166.250, 166.274, 423.478, 423.483 and 423.525; and prescribing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. (1) A person commits the crime of threatening a mass injury event if:

(a) The person intentionally causes fear, alarm or terror in another person by conveying a threat to cause unlawful serious physical injury or death to four or more persons at a school, place of worship, health

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 care facility, place of business, government building, mass transit fa-
2 cility, park, plaza, event space or other place of assembly;

3 (b) The person expresses the intent to imminently carry out the
4 threat; and

5 (c) A reasonable person would:

6 (A) Be placed in fear, alarm or terror by the threat; and

7 (B) Believe that the threat was credible and presents a reasonable
8 likelihood of imminently being carried out.

9 (2)(a) Threatening a mass injury event is a Class A misdemeanor.

10 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, threatening
11 a mass injury event is a Class C felony if the person has one or more
12 convictions under this section at the time the offense is committed.

13 (c) The Oregon Criminal Justice Commission shall classify threat-
14 ening a mass injury event under paragraph (a) of this subsection as a
15 person Class A misdemeanor under the rules of the commission.

16 (d) The commission shall classify threatening a mass injury event
17 under paragraph (b) of this subsection as a person felony under the
18 rules of the commission.

19 (3) A threat under this section may be conveyed orally, in writing
20 or telephonically, or may be an electronic threat as defined in ORS
21 166.065.

22 (4) For purposes of pretrial release, plea negotiations and sentenc-
23 ing, the victim of an offense under this section includes both the per-
24 son to whom the threat is conveyed and the persons against whom the
25 threat is made.

26 (5) When a court imposes sentence on a person convicted under this
27 section who was under 18 years of age at the time of the offense, but
28 who was not subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under
29 ORS 419C.005 due to the person attaining 18 years of age prior to the
30 commencement of prosecution, the court shall consider the age of the
31 person at the time of the offense as a mitigating circumstance.

SECTION 2. ORS 166.250 is amended to read:

166.250. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section or ORS 166.260, 166.270, 166.273, 166.274, 166.291, 166.292 or 166.410 to 166.470, a person commits the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm if the person knowingly:

(a) Carries any firearm concealed upon the person;

(b) Possesses a handgun that is concealed and readily accessible to the person within any vehicle;

(c) Possesses a firearm and:

(A) Is under 18 years of age;

(B)(i) While a minor, was found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court for having committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony or a misdemeanor involving violence, as defined in ORS 166.470; and

(ii) Was discharged from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court within four years prior to being charged under this section;

(C) Has been convicted of a felony;

(D) Was committed to the Oregon Health Authority under ORS 426.130;

(E) Was found to be a person with mental illness and subject to an order under ORS 426.130 that the person be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm as a result of that mental illness;

(F) Is presently subject to an order under ORS 426.133 prohibiting the person from purchasing or possessing a firearm;

(G) Has been found guilty except for insanity under ORS 161.295 of a felony; *[or]*

(H) The possession of the firearm by the person is prohibited under ORS 166.255; or

(I) Has been convicted of threatening a mass injury event under section 1 of this 2024 Act; or

(d) Possesses an unfinished frame or receiver and is prohibited from possessing firearms under paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(2) This section does not prohibit:

(a) A minor, who is not otherwise prohibited under subsection (1)(c) of this section, from possessing a firearm:

(A) Other than a handgun, if the firearm was transferred to the minor by the minor's parent or guardian or by another person with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian; or

(B) Temporarily for hunting, target practice or any other lawful purpose; or

(b) Any citizen of the United States over the age of 18 years who resides in or is temporarily sojourning within this state, and who is not within the excepted classes prescribed by ORS 166.270 and subsection (1) of this section, from owning, possessing or keeping within the person's place of residence or place of business any handgun, and no permit or license to purchase, own, possess or keep any such firearm at the person's place of residence or place of business is required of any such citizen. As used in this subsection, "residence" includes a recreational vessel or recreational vehicle while used, for whatever period of time, as residential quarters.

(3) Firearms carried openly in belt holsters are not concealed within the meaning of this section.

(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a handgun is readily accessible within the meaning of this section if the handgun is within the passenger compartment of the vehicle.

(b) If a vehicle, other than a vehicle described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, has no storage location that is outside the passenger compartment of the vehicle, a handgun is not readily accessible within the meaning of this section if:

(A) The handgun is stored in a closed and locked glove compartment, center console or other container; and

(B) The key is not inserted into the lock, if the glove compartment, center console or other container unlocks with a key.

(c) If the vehicle is a motorcycle, an all-terrain vehicle or a snowmobile, a handgun is not readily accessible within the meaning of this section if:

(A) The handgun is in a locked container within or affixed to the vehicle;
or

(B) The handgun is equipped with a trigger lock or other locking mechanism that prevents the discharge of the firearm.

(5) Unlawful possession of a firearm is a Class A misdemeanor.

SECTION 3. ORS 166.274 is amended to read:

166.274. (1) Except as provided in subsection (11) of this section, a person barred from possessing or receiving a firearm may file a petition for relief from the bar in accordance with subsection (2) of this section if:

(a) The person is barred from possessing a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c)(A), (C), [or] (H) **or (I)** or 166.270; or

(b) The person is barred from receiving a firearm under ORS 166.470 (1)(a) or (b) or, if the person has been convicted of a misdemeanor involving violence, ORS 166.470 (1)(g).

(2) A petition for relief described in this section must be filed in the circuit court in the petitioner's county of residence.

(3) A person may apply once per calendar year for relief under the provisions of this section.

(4)(a) A person petitioning for relief under this section shall serve a copy of the petition on:

(A) The city chief of police if the court in which the petition is filed is located in a city; or

(B) The sheriff of the county in which the court is located.

(b) The copy of the petition shall be served on the chief of police or sheriff at the same time the petition is filed at the court.

(5)(a) When a petition is denied, the judge shall cause that information to be entered into the Department of State Police computerized criminal history files.

(b) When a petition is granted, the judge shall cause that information and a fingerprint card of the petitioner to be entered into the Department of State Police computerized criminal history files. If, after a petition is

granted, the petitioner is arrested and convicted of a crime that would dis-
qualify the petitioner from purchasing or possessing a firearm, the Depart-
ment of State Police shall notify the court that granted relief under this
section. The court shall review the order granting relief and determine
whether to rescind the order. The Department of State Police may charge a
reasonable fee, under ORS 192.324, for the entry and maintenance of infor-
mation under this section.

(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 9.320, a party that is not a
natural person, the state or any city, county, district or other political sub-
division or public corporation in this state, without appearance by attorney,
may appear as a party to an action under this section.

(7) If the petitioner seeks relief from the bar on possessing or purchasing
a firearm, relief shall be granted when the petitioner demonstrates, by clear
and convincing evidence, that the petitioner does not pose a threat to the
safety of the public or the petitioner.

(8) Petitions filed under this section shall be heard and disposed of within
15 judicial days of filing or as soon as is practicable thereafter, but not more
than 30 days thereafter. The judge shall then make findings and conclusions
and issue a judgment based on the findings and conclusions in accordance
with the requirements of law.

(9) A person filing a petition under this section must pay the filing fee
established under ORS 21.135.

(10)(a) Initial appeals of petitions shall be heard de novo.

(b) Any party to a judgment under this subsection may appeal to the
Court of Appeals in the same manner as for any other civil action.

(c) If the governmental entity files an appeal under this subsection and
does not prevail, it shall be ordered to pay the attorney fees for the pre-
vailing party.

(11) The court may not grant relief under this section to a person who:

(a) Has been convicted of a person felony, as that term is defined in the
rules of the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission, or the statutory counter-

part to a person felony in any other jurisdiction, if the offense involved the use of a firearm or a deadly weapon as defined in ORS 161.015;

(b) Has been convicted of an offense listed in ORS 137.700 or the statutory counterpart to an offense listed in ORS 137.700 in any other jurisdiction; or

(c) Is currently serving a felony sentence as defined in ORS 10.030 or has served a felony sentence in the one-year period preceding the filing of the petition.

SECTION 4. ORS 423.478 is amended to read:

423.478. (1) The Department of Corrections shall:

(a) Operate prisons for offenders sentenced to terms of incarceration for more than 12 months;

(b) Provide central information and data services sufficient to:

(A) Allow tracking of offenders; and

(B) Permit analysis of correlations between sanctions, supervision, services and programs, and future criminal conduct; and

(c) Provide interstate compact administration and jail inspections.

(2) Subject to ORS 423.483, each county, in partnership with the department, shall assume responsibility for community-based supervision, sanctions and services for offenders convicted of felonies, designated drug-related misdemeanors, [or] designated person misdemeanors **or threatening a mass injury event under section 1 (2)(a) of this 2024 Act**, who are:

(a) On parole;

(b) On probation;

(c) On post-prison supervision;

(d) Sentenced, on or after January 1, 1997, to 12 months or less incarceration;

(e) Sanctioned, on or after January 1, 1997, by a court or the State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision to 12 months or less incarceration for violation of a condition of parole, probation or post-prison supervision; or

(f) On conditional release under ORS 420A.206.

(3) Notwithstanding the fact that the court has sentenced a person to a

term of incarceration, when an offender is committed to the custody of the supervisory authority of a county under ORS 137.124 (2) or (4), the supervisory authority may execute the sentence by imposing sanctions other than incarceration if deemed appropriate by the supervisory authority. If the supervisory authority releases a person from custody under this subsection and the person is required to report as a sex offender under ORS 163A.010, the supervisory authority, as a condition of release, shall order the person to report to the Department of State Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office or to the supervising agency, if any:

(a) When the person is released;

(b) Within 10 days of a change of residence;

(c) Once each year within 10 days of the person's birth date;

(d) Within 10 days of the first day the person works at, carries on a vocation at or attends an institution of higher education; and

(e) Within 10 days of a change in work, vocation or attendance status at an institution of higher education.

(4) As used in this section:

(a) "Attends," "institution of higher education," "works" and "carries on a vocation" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 163A.005.

(b) "Designated drug-related misdemeanor" means:

(A) Unlawful possession of fentanyl under ORS 475.752 (8)(a);

(B) Unlawful possession of methadone under ORS 475.824 (2)(b);

(C) Unlawful possession of oxycodone under ORS 475.834 (2)(b);

(D) Unlawful possession of heroin under ORS 475.854 (2)(b);

(E) Unlawful possession of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine under ORS 475.874 (2)(b);

(F) Unlawful possession of cocaine under ORS 475.884 (2)(b); or

(G) Unlawful possession of methamphetamine under ORS 475.894 (2)(b).

(c) "Designated person misdemeanor" means:

(A) Assault in the fourth degree constituting domestic violence if the judgment document is as described in ORS 163.160 (4);

(B) Menacing constituting domestic violence if the judgment document is as described in ORS 163.190 (3); or

(C) Sexual abuse in the third degree under ORS 163.415.

SECTION 5. ORS 423.483 is amended to read:

423.483. (1)(a) The baseline funding for biennia beginning after June 30, 1999, is the current service level for the expenses of providing management, support services, supervision and sanctions for offenders described in ORS 423.478 (2). At a minimum, each biennium's appropriation must be established at this baseline.

(b) The baseline funding described in paragraph (a) of this subsection:

(A) May not be decreased as a result of a reduction under ORS 137.633.

(B) May not be increased as a result of community-based sanctions, services and programs that are funded under section 53, chapter 649, Oregon Laws 2013.

(2) If the total state community corrections appropriation is less than the baseline calculated under subsection (1) of this section, a county may discontinue participation by written notification to the director 180 days prior to implementation of the change. If a county discontinues participation, the responsibility for correctional services transferred to the county and the portion of funding made available to the county under ORS 423.530 revert to the Department of Corrections. Responsibility for supervision of and provision of correctional services to misdemeanor offenders does not revert to the department under any circumstances except those of offenders convicted of designated drug-related misdemeanors, [or] designated person misdemeanors **or threatening a mass injury event under section 1 (2)(a) of this 2024 Act.**

(3) As used in this section:

(a) "Current service level" means the calculated cost of continuing current legislatively funded programs, phased in programs and increased caseloads minus one-time costs, decreased caseloads, phased out programs and pilot programs with the remainder adjusted for inflation as determined

by the Legislative Assembly in its biennial appropriation to the Department of Corrections.

(b) “Designated drug-related misdemeanor” has the meaning given that term in ORS 423.478.

(c) “Designated person misdemeanor” has the meaning given that term in ORS 423.478.

SECTION 6. ORS 423.483, as amended by section 22, chapter 649, Oregon Laws 2013, section 3, chapter 140, Oregon Laws 2015, and section 2, chapter 341, Oregon Laws 2023, is amended to read:

423.483. (1)(a) The baseline funding for biennia beginning after June 30, 1999, is the current service level for the expenses of providing management, support services, supervision and sanctions for offenders described in ORS 423.478 (2). At a minimum, each biennium’s appropriation must be established at this baseline.

(b) The baseline funding described in paragraph (a) of this subsection may not be decreased as a result of a reduction under ORS 137.633.

(2) If the total state community corrections appropriation is less than the baseline calculated under subsection (1) of this section, a county may discontinue participation by written notification to the director 180 days prior to implementation of the change. If a county discontinues participation, the responsibility for correctional services transferred to the county and the portion of funding made available to the county under ORS 423.530 revert to the Department of Corrections. Responsibility for supervision of and provision of correctional services to misdemeanor offenders does not revert to the department under any circumstances except those of offenders convicted of designated drug-related misdemeanors, [or] designated person misdemeanors **or threatening a mass injury event under section 1 (2)(a) of this 2024 Act.**

(3) As used in this section:

(a) “Current service level” means the calculated cost of continuing current legislatively funded programs, phased in programs and increased

caseloads minus one-time costs, decreased caseloads, phased out programs and pilot programs with the remainder adjusted for inflation as determined by the Legislative Assembly in its biennial appropriation to the Department of Corrections.

(b) “Designated drug-related misdemeanor” has the meaning given that term in ORS 423.478.

(c) “Designated person misdemeanor” has the meaning given that term in ORS 423.478.

SECTION 7. ORS 423.525 is amended to read:

423.525. (1) A county, group of counties or intergovernmental corrections entity shall apply to the Director of the Department of Corrections in a manner and form prescribed by the director for funding made available under ORS 423.500 to 423.560. The application shall include a community corrections plan. The Department of Corrections shall provide consultation and technical assistance to counties to aid in the development and implementation of community corrections plans.

(2)(a) From July 1, 1995, until June 30, 1999, a county, group of counties or intergovernmental corrections entity may make application requesting funding for the construction, acquisition, expansion or remodeling of correctional facilities to serve the county, group of counties or intergovernmental corrections entity. The department shall review the application for funding of correctional facilities in accordance with criteria that consider design, cost, capacity, need, operating efficiency and viability based on the county’s, group of counties’ or intergovernmental corrections entity’s ability to provide for ongoing operations.

(b)(A) If the application is approved, the department shall present the application with a request to finance the facility with financing agreements to the State Treasurer and the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, upon approval of the request by the State Treasurer and the Director of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services, the facility

1 may be financed with financing agreements, and certificates of participation
2 issued pursuant thereto, as provided in ORS 283.085 to 283.092. All decisions
3 approving or denying applications and requests for financing under this
4 section are final. No such decision is subject to judicial review of any kind.

5 (B) If requests to finance county correctional facility projects are sub-
6 mitted after February 22, 1996, and the requests have not been approved by
7 the department on the date a session of the Legislative Assembly convenes,
8 the requests are also subject to the approval of the Legislative Assembly.

9 (c) After approval but prior to the solicitation of bids or proposals for the
10 construction of a project, the county, group of counties or intergovernmental
11 corrections entity and the department shall enter into a written agreement
12 that determines the procedures, and the parties responsible, for the awarding
13 of contracts and the administration of the construction project for the ap-
14 proved correctional facility. If the parties are unable to agree on the terms
15 of the written agreement, the Governor shall decide the terms of the agree-
16 ment. The Governor's decision is final.

17 (d) After approval of a construction project, the administration of the
18 project shall be conducted as provided in the agreement required by para-
19 graph (c) of this subsection. The agreement must require at a minimum that
20 the county, group of counties or intergovernmental corrections entity shall
21 submit to the department any change order or alteration of the design of the
22 project that, singly or in the aggregate, reduces the capacity of the
23 correctional facility or materially changes the services or functions of the
24 project. The change order or alteration is not effective until approved by the
25 department. In reviewing the change order or alteration, the department
26 shall consider whether the implementation of the change order or alteration
27 will have any material adverse impact on the parties to any financing
28 agreements or the holders of any certificates of participation issued to fund
29 county correctional facilities under this section. In making its decision, the
30 department may rely on the opinions of the Department of Justice, bond
31 counsel or professional financial advisers.

(3) Notwithstanding ORS 283.085, for purposes of this section, “financing agreement” means a lease purchase agreement, an installment sale agreement, a loan agreement or any other agreement to finance a correctional facility described in this section, or to refinance a previously executed financing agreement for the financing of a correctional facility. The state is not required to own or operate a correctional facility in order to finance it under ORS 283.085 to 283.092 and this section. The state, an intergovernmental corrections entity, county or group of counties may enter into any agreements, including, but not limited to, leases and subleases, that are reasonably necessary or generally accepted by the financial community for purposes of acquiring or securing financing as authorized by this section. In financing county correctional facilities under this section, “property rights” as used in ORS 283.085 includes leasehold mortgages of the state’s rights under leases of correctional facilities from counties.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, county charter or ordinance, a county may convey or lease to the State of Oregon, acting by and through the Department of Corrections, title to interests in, or a lease of, any real property, facilities or personal property owned by the county for the purpose of financing the construction, acquisition, expansion or remodeling of a correctional facility. Upon the payment of all principal and interest on, or upon any other satisfaction of, the financing agreement used to finance the construction, acquisition, expansion or remodeling of a correctional facility, the state shall reconvey its interest in, or terminate and surrender its leasehold of, the property or facilities, including the financed construction, acquisition, expansion or remodeling, to the county. In addition to any authority granted by ORS 283.089, for the purposes of obtaining financing, the state may enter into agreements under which the state may grant to trustees or lenders leases, subleases and other security interests in county property conveyed or leased to the state under this subsection and in the property or facilities financed by financing agreements.

(5) In connection with the financing of correctional facilities, the Director

1 of the Oregon Department of Administrative Services may bill the Depart-
2 ment of Corrections, and the Department of Corrections shall pay the
3 amounts billed, in the same manner as provided in ORS 283.089. As required
4 by ORS 283.091, the Department of Corrections and the Oregon Department
5 of Administrative Services shall include in the Governor's budget all
6 amounts that will be due in each fiscal period under financing agreements
7 for correctional facilities. Amounts payable by the state under a financing
8 agreement for the construction, acquisition, expansion or remodeling of a
9 correctional facility are limited to available funds as defined in ORS 283.085,
10 and no lender, trustee, certificate holder or county has any claim or recourse
11 against any funds of the state other than available funds.

12 (6) The director shall adopt rules that may be necessary for the adminis-
13 tration, evaluation and implementation of ORS 423.500 to 423.560. The stan-
14 dards shall be sufficiently flexible to foster the development of new and
15 improved supervision or rehabilitative practices and maximize local control.

16 (7) When a county assumes responsibility under ORS 423.500 to 423.560
17 for correctional services previously provided by the department, the county
18 and the department shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement that
19 includes a local community corrections plan consisting of program de-
20 scriptions, budget allocation, performance objectives and methods of evalu-
21 ating each correctional service to be provided by the county. The
22 performance objectives must include in dominant part reducing future crim-
23 inal conduct. The methods of evaluating services must include, to the extent
24 of available information systems resources, the collection and analysis of
25 data sufficient to determine the apparent effect of the services on future
26 criminal conduct.

27 (8) All community corrections plans shall comply with rules adopted
28 pursuant to ORS 423.500 to 423.560, and shall include but need not be limited
29 to an outline of the basic structure and the supervision, services and local
30 sanctions to be applied to offenders convicted of felonies, designated drug-
31 related misdemeanors, [and] designated person misdemeanors **and threat-**

1 **ening a mass injury event under section 1 (2)(a) of this 2024 Act** who
2 are:

3 (a) On parole;

4 (b) On probation;

5 (c) On post-prison supervision;

6 (d) Sentenced, on or after January 1, 1997, to 12 months or less incarcer-
7 ation;

8 (e) Sanctioned, on or after January 1, 1997, by a court or the State Board
9 of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision to 12 months or less incarceration for
10 a violation of a condition of parole, probation or post-prison supervision; and

11 (f) On conditional release under ORS 420A.206.

12 (9) All community corrections plans shall designate a community cor-
13 rections manager of the county or counties and shall provide that the ad-
14 ministration of community corrections under ORS 423.500 to 423.560 shall be
15 under such manager.

16 (10) No amendment to or modification of a county-approved community
17 corrections plan shall be placed in effect without prior notice to the director
18 for purposes of statewide data collection and reporting.

19 (11) The obligation of the state to provide funding and the scheduling for
20 providing funding of a project approved under this section is dependent upon
21 the ability of the state to access public security markets to sell financing
22 agreements.

23 (12) No later than January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the Department
24 of Corrections shall:

25 (a) Evaluate the community corrections policy established in ORS 423.475,
26 423.478, 423.483 and 423.500 to 423.560; and

27 (b) Assess the effectiveness of local revocation options.

28 (13) As used in this section, “designated drug-related misdemeanor” and
29 “designated person misdemeanor” have the meanings given those terms in
30 ORS 423.478.

31 **SECTION 8. Beginning no later than January 1, 2027, and biennially**

1 **thereafter, the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission shall report to**
2 **the relevant interim committees of the Legislative Assembly, in the**
3 **manner described in ORS 192.245, concerning the following information**
4 **pertaining to the previous biennium:**

5 **(1) The number of persons charged with threatening a mass injury**
6 **event under section 1 of this 2024 Act, disaggregated by race, age,**
7 **ethnicity, gender, disability and county;**

8 **(2) To the degree practicable, the number of persons who were vic-**
9 **tims of the offense described in section 1 of this 2024 Act or who were**
10 **otherwise targeted by a person convicted under section 1 of this 2024**
11 **Act, disaggregated by race, age, ethnicity, gender, disability and**
12 **county; and**

13 **(3) The amount of moneys distributed to and expended by the**
14 **Oregon Youth Authority and county juvenile departments for the costs**
15 **of detaining and supervising persons found to be within the jurisdic-**
16 **tion of the juvenile court under ORS 419C.005 for committing an act**
17 **that, if committed by an adult, would constitute an offense under**
18 **section 1 of this 2024 Act.**

19 **SECTION 9.** ORS 161.005 is amended to read:

20 161.005. ORS 161.005 to 161.055, 161.065, 161.085 to 161.125, 161.150 to
21 161.175, 161.190 to 161.275, 161.290 to 161.373, 161.405 to 161.485, 161.505 to
22 161.585, 161.605, 161.615 to 161.685, 161.705 to 161.737, 162.005, 162.015 to
23 162.035, 162.055 to 162.115, 162.135 to 162.205, 162.225 to 162.375, 162.405 to
24 162.425, 162.465, 163.005, 163.095, 163.107, 163.115, 163.125 to 163.145, 163.149,
25 163.160 to 163.208, 163.191, 163.196, 163.215 to 163.257, 163.261, 163.263, 163.264,
26 163.266, 163.275, 163.285, 163.305 to 163.467, 163.429, 163.432, 163.433, 163.472,
27 163.505 to 163.575, 163.665 to 163.693, 163.700, 163.701, 163.715, 164.005, 164.015
28 to 164.135, 164.138, 164.140, 164.205 to 164.270, 164.305 to 164.377, 164.395 to
29 164.415, 164.805, 164.857, 164.886, 165.002 to 165.102, 165.109, 165.118, 165.805,
30 165.815, 166.005 to 166.095, 166.119, 166.125, 166.128, 166.350, 166.382, 166.384,
31 166.660, 167.002 to 167.027, 167.057, 167.060 to 167.100, 167.117, 167.122 to

1 167.162, 167.203 to 167.252, 167.310 to 167.340, 167.350, 167.810 and 167.820 **and**
2 **section 1 of this 2024 Act** shall be known and may be cited as Oregon
3 Criminal Code of 1971.

4 **SECTION 10. This 2024 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the**
5 **date on which the 2024 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative**
6 **Assembly adjourns sine die.**

7 _____